



Digital transformation for financial institutions

Digital Conference 2019, Nepal



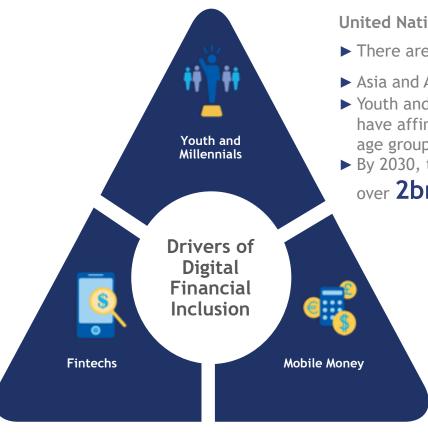
# Changing with time and technology

### "New Digital Economy"

An innovation economy framed around globally connected technologies has emerged in which powerful tech companies leverage these new technologies to develop business models that deliver a different kind of consumer experience.

### Lets Talk Payments reports:

- ► 8,000+ fintech startups
  serve users across 16 financial services
  categories globally
- ►USD 45bn in capital
- ► Resulting in fundamental changes in the core infrastructure of the finance industry



#### **United Nations observes:**

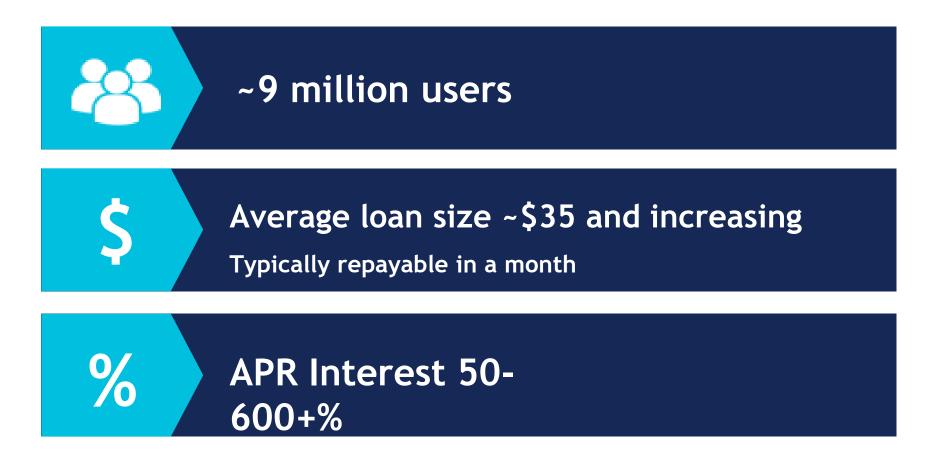
- ► There are over **2.1bn** youth globally
- ► Asia and Africa have over **1.2bn** youth
- ➤ Youth and millennial by contrast are digital natives and have affinity to adopt digital much faster than other age groups
- ▶ By 2030, the number of youth in Asia and Africa will be over 2bn

#### GSMA's SOTIR 2018 reports:

- ► There are 272 deployments, over 866m registered mobile money accounts
- Mobile money industry is processing over \$1.3bn per day

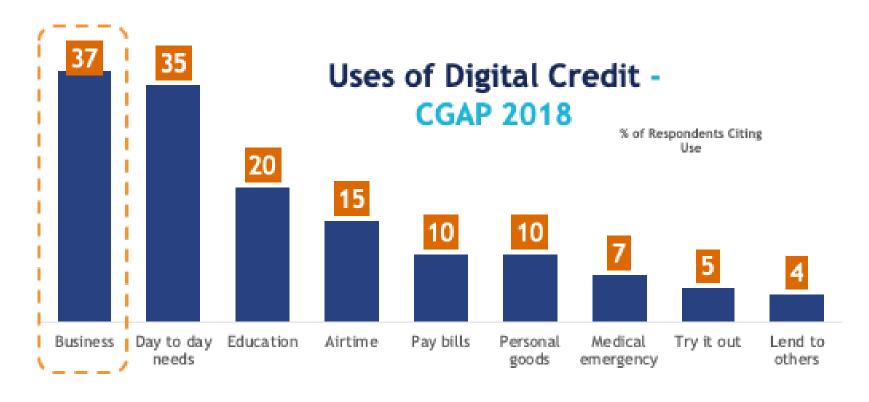


## Are FinTechs and digital credit displacing traditional financial services? (Case of Kenya)



Digital credit enables access to credit for the traditionally riskier category of customers by slotting them with better loan grade customers with a chance for them to get lower priced credit.

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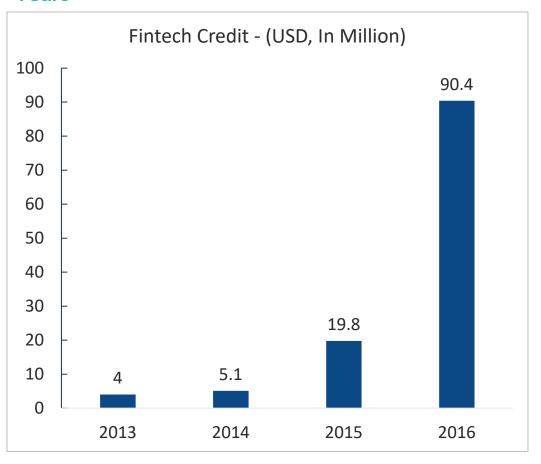
Digital loans in Kenya are used for business. Also, it is substituting informal finance as it provides privacy.

Digital credit has begun to displace traditional financial services.

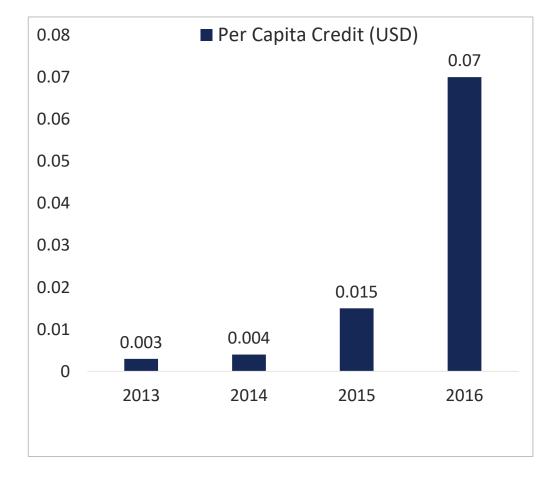
Digital credit providers will eventually cream off the high value customers leaving the lower value, less profitable customers in more rural locations with the traditional financial services.

# **Examples: Digital Credit in India is growing rapidly**

# The Fintech credit grew over 180% CAGR in last 3 Years



### Per capita fintech credit increased over 20 times





# Is traditional financial services industry facing existential crisis?

The traditional financial services industry is impacted by a confluence of factors and the emergence of digital credit and FinTechs

Generic products that lack Limited innovation user-level personalization from within the industry Lack of customer focus amidst the significant Complex and cultural shift inefficient financial processes Limited digital adoption or digital self-exclusion Ineffective customer Limited use of data relationship analytics to refine management resulting products and enhance in a high churn of efficiency of processes performing clients

## Traditional financial services industry needs to re-invent itself

For traditional financial services industry to remain relevant, it needs to transform digitally and adopt technology. To do so, it needs to:

Reinvent its culture

Cultural change and adopting innovation mindset

Meet users' expectations

Users expect affordable pricing, quick and easy recourse, understanding of the services, efficient processes, and human touch

Manage time and space transitions

Leverage relationships, data, innate customer awareness, and local understanding to develop a high-tech and human touch model

Anchor on user experience

User experience built on mimicking behaviors; intuitive services; managing adoption bottlenecks; design thinking; and personalization

Manage emerging risks

Manage institutional risks (technology, partnerships, operational), and client-level risks (pricing, agent risks, fraud, recourse, and data privacy)







Digital transformation for financial institutions





# FinTechs are transforming financial services globally

FinTech combines innovative business models and technology to enable, enhance and disrupt

financial services

8,000+ FinTech startups serve users across 16 financial services categories globally

FinTechs are leveraging on technology and creating new distribution channels

FinTech disrupts established business models by creating new and efficient means of providing services

USD 45 billion in capital has been invested in the FinTech start-ups globally

FinTechs have led to the emergence of new customer segments previously unreached



# Are FinTechs disrupting the traditional financial services industry?

# Existing gaps in services offered by traditional financial service providers

- Limited customer centricity resulting in customer dissatisfaction
- High-cost branch networks, legacy IT systems, and regulatory compliances



# Shared economy and emergence of new business models

- Shared economy provides access to high-quality assets and services at an affordable cost
- Rise of shared services such as peerto-peer lending and insurance, interoperable platforms, and shared agent networks

## Technological advancements

- Digitization of transactions, data analytics
- Better understanding of the users, personalization of solutions, and automation of processes

## Demographic and cultural shifts

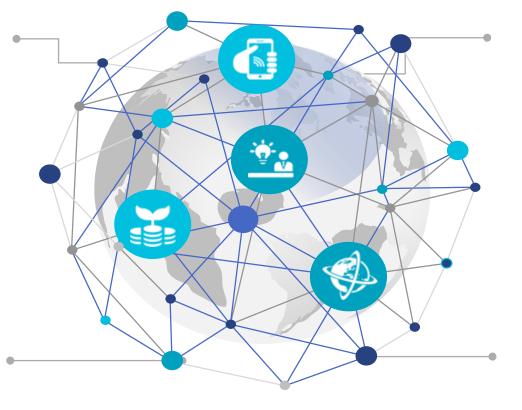
- 50%# of the world's population is young
- Desires to transact differently from the way their parents did
  Require personalized solutions,
- Require personalized solutions, mobile-first, priced affordably and delivered using a mix of channels



# FinTechs fill up the void

FinTechs disrupt financial services and financial information by:

Disaggregating value chains and offering better financial solutions



Making use of open platforms to provide a variety of services

Use of alternative information to complement or substitute traditional methods

Customization and personalization through better data collection and analytics







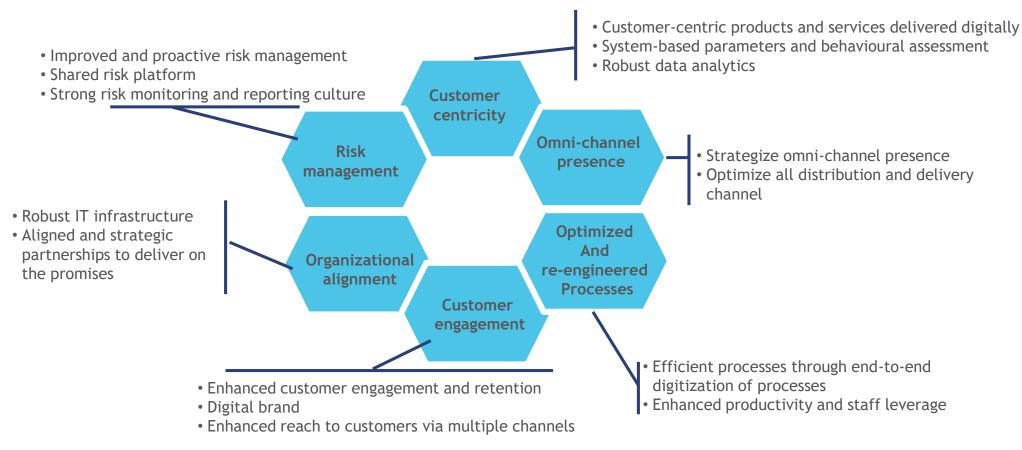
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# What is digital transformation?

Digital transformation is offering the right combination of: 1) digital solutions/tools, 2) delivered digitally, 3) riding on digital technology, and 4) providing seamless user experience.

### Digital transformation strategy development entails focus across six areas





## What is digital transformation?

Automating and digitizing a number of repetitive, low-value, and low-risk processes for example through process apps

Digitize processes

Digitize product and business models

Financial institutions can look at digitization for fostering innovation across products and business models

Leveraging technology to digitize the traditional channels will be key in accelerating digital transformation especially with the proliferation of apps

Digitize channels

Digitize engagement and user experience

Technology can be used increase a financial institution's connectivity—not just with customers but also with employees and suppliers



# Digitize engagement with people









Course overview

**Institutions** 





## Broad themes of the course

- ► Overview of digital financial services
- ▶ Digital financial services ecosystem
- ► Relevance of digital financial services for microfinance and banking industry
- ► Opportunities and impact of digital transformation for MFIs and banks
- ► Case studies on impact and opportunity
- ▶ Business case for digital transformation

Importance and relevance of digital transformation for financial institutions



- ➤ Strategies, strategic options and choices for digital transformation
- ► Key considerations for strategy design for digital transformation
- ► Formulating the right strategy
- ► Digital financial opportunities
- ► Planning digital transformation for group lending operations MFIs

Strategic planning for digital transformation for financial institutions



- Product innovation for digital transformation
- Process re-engineering for digital transformation
- Delivery channel and distribution design

Product, process, and channel transformation



- ► Emerging risks from digital transformation
- ► Risk management framework and approaches for digital transformation of MFIs and banks
- ► Risk management approaches

Risk management for digital transformation



- ▶ Project and change management
- Engaging staff as part of the change management
- ► Internal organization and innovation to implement digital transformation
- Project evaluation and return on investment
- Key challenges faced in implementation of digital transformation

Implementing digital transformation





# MSC is globally recognized as the local expert in financial inclusion



International FI consulting firm with 20+ years of experience



180 staff in 11 offices around the world



Projects in ~50 developing countries

### Some of our partners and clients





























































### Our impact so far

300+ Clients

Assisted development of digital G2P

services used by

700 million+

people

>750 Publications

Implemented >250 DFS projects

Developed
250+ FI products
and channels now used by
50 million+ people

Trained 7,700+ leading FI specialists globally



